



March 2, 2023 Eric Farrell

### ABOUT MILESTONE

- Established in 1988
- Over 25,000 instrument installations worldwide ranging from Fortune 500, Academia, Government Agencies, Independent Contact Labs, Manufacturing



- US Headquarters: Shelton, CT
  - Full sales and service support
  - Applications lab and technical support
  - Parts inventory
- European Headquarters: Bergamo, Italy
- R&D/Manufacturing: facilities in Germany and Switzerland



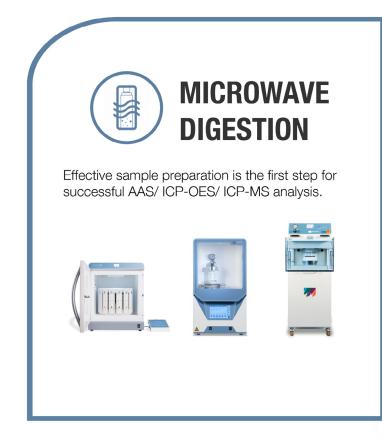
Milestone Inc. USA: Shelton, CT



Milestone srl: Bergamo, IT

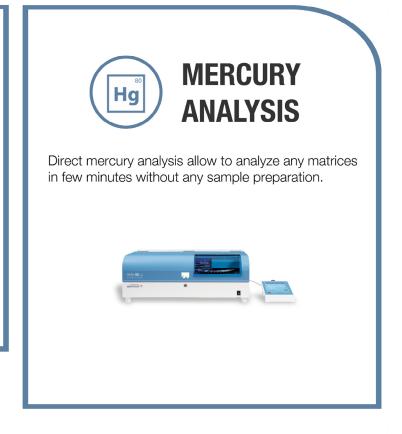


### YOUR PARTNER IN TRACE METALS ANALYSIS









## SAMPLE PREP CHALLENGES WITH PGE/CATALYST SAMPLES

- Sample prep goal:
  - Get all elements of interest into solution for analysis via ICP-OES/ICP-MS
- Platinum Group Metals
  - Challenge:
    - Requires high temperature/long time to digest
  - Typical reagents: HCl / Aqua Regia / H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- Catalysts
  - Challenge:
    - Can require time at temperature (>2 hours) to achieve complete digestion
  - Typical reagents: HCl / HNO<sub>3</sub> / HF / H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> / H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
- Difficult to digest with a traditional rotor-based microwave digestion system
- Typical sample prep techniques used:
  - Hot block / open-vessel digestion, Fire Assay, Fusion





# HOT PLATE/HOT BLOCK CHALLENGES

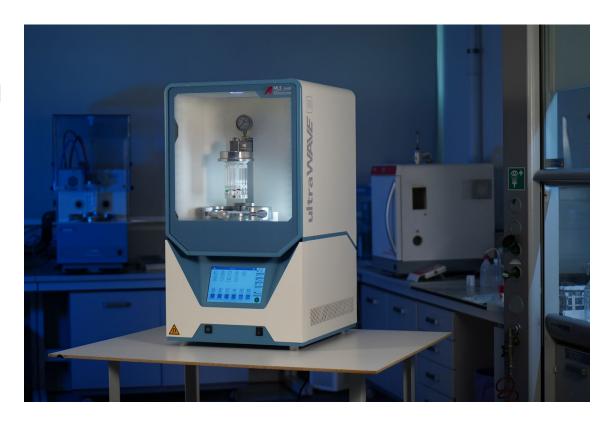
- High acid consumption
  - Acid impurities become more concentrated over time
  - Increased analytical blank
- Susceptible to environmental contamination
- Sample cross-contamination possible
- Limited temperature + pressure capability
  - Limited by boiling points of acids used at atmospheric pressure
  - Long digestion times
  - Incomplete digestions
- Requires 'babysitting'
  - Continuous addition of acids
- Loss of volatile elements





## ADVANTAGES OF CLOSED-VESSEL DIGESTION

- Superior digestion quality
  - Can work at high temperature and pressure, thus enhancing digestion quality and reducing time required to digest sample
- Speed/productivity
  - Allows for fast digestion of multiple samples simultaneously
- Enables lower detection limits
  - Closed to the environment
  - Less acid usage
  - No sample cross-contamination

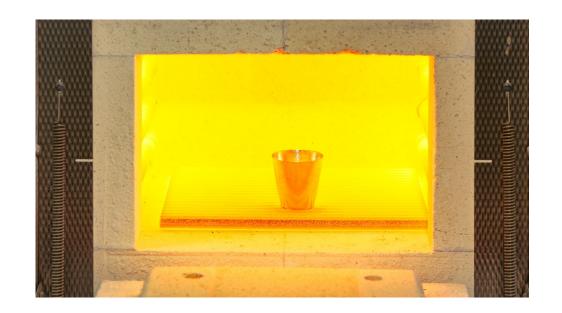




### CHALLENGES OF FIRE ASSAY/FUSION

Open system that uses flux powders in a muffle furnace

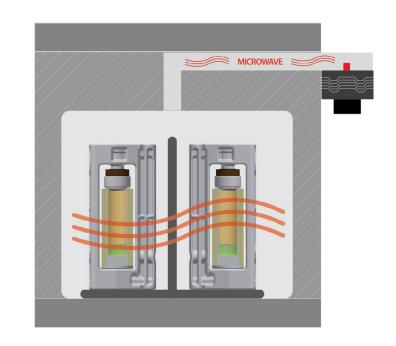
- Time consuming
- Handling
  - Expensive Pt labware, funnels, filters, etc.
- Strong chance of contamination
- High blanks
- Not ideal for trace element quantitation
- High energy consumption due to the use of high-temperature muffle furnaces





### CONSIDERATIONS WITH USE OF ROTOR-BASED SYSTEMS

- Polymer based vessels, resulting in pressure and temperature limitations
  - Typically limited to 30 60 minutes at high temperature
- Each vessel at its own temperature and pressure
- Requires batching of similar matrices and chemistries
- Vessel handling requires multiple steps
- Vessel liners can require intensive cleaning depending on analyte levels





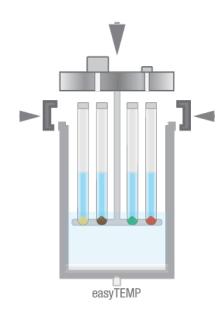
# INTRODUCING THE SINGLE REACTION CHAMBER (SRC)

- SRC is a newer approach to microwave closed-vessel digestion
  - Developed and patented by Milestone in 2006 (ultraCLAVE)
  - ultraWAVE introduced in 2011
  - ultraWAVE 3 introduced in 2023
- Overcomes most limitations of rotor-based systems
- Rugged 1 L stainless-steel chamber
  - Fully protected by a PTFE liner and cover
  - Water-cooled to avoid overheating and acid diffusion
- Rack with vials sit in a water base load
  - Homogenous heating and temperature throughout
  - All samples at same temperature and pressure
    - Allows for mixed-batch runs

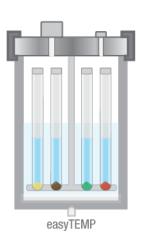




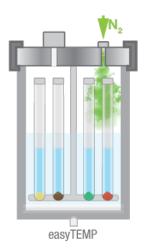
# SINGLE REACTION CHAMBER — OPERATING SEQUENCE



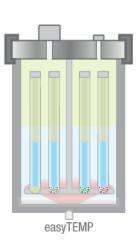




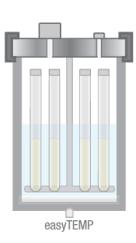
Chamber clamp is secured by the operator. Interlocks prevent operation withouth clamp in place.



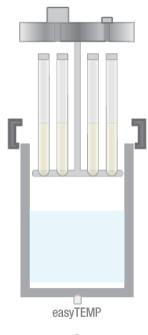
Chamber is pre-pressurized with inert gas to prevent sample boiling. Cross contamination is eleminted.



Microwave energy is applied. All samples under same temperature and pressure conditions.



Very fast cooling step due to water cooling of chamber. Chamber is vented and acid vapors extracted.



Clamp is released and sample rack automatically rises from chamber.



# ULTRAWAVE 3 WORKFLOW





### BENEFITS OF THE ULTRAWAVE 3 FOR PGE/CATALYST ANALYSIS

- Highest temperature/pressure capability
  - Surpasses temperature and pressure limitations of rotor-based systems
  - Lower analytical blanks and reduced interferences
  - Complete digestion of challenging samples
- Greatly simplified workflow
  - Reduced number of steps
  - Run any mixture of samples together (mixed batch)
  - Suitable for all reagents (including aqua regia, HCl, HF, etc.)





# RACKS AND VIALS

- Most positions available in an SRC system
- Vials available in:
  - PTFE-TFM
  - Quartz
  - Disposable Glass

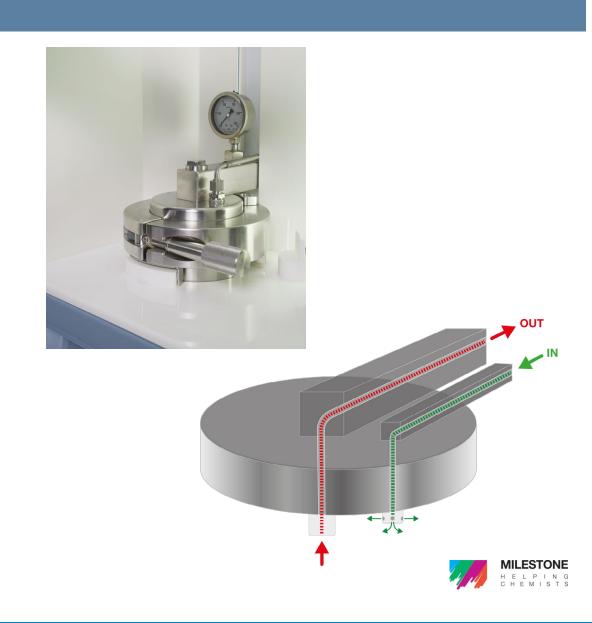
# of position	Volume (mL)	Vials material	
7	40		
20	15	PTFE-TFM, Quartz, Disposable glass	
27	8	Dispession glass	
40	4.5	Glass	



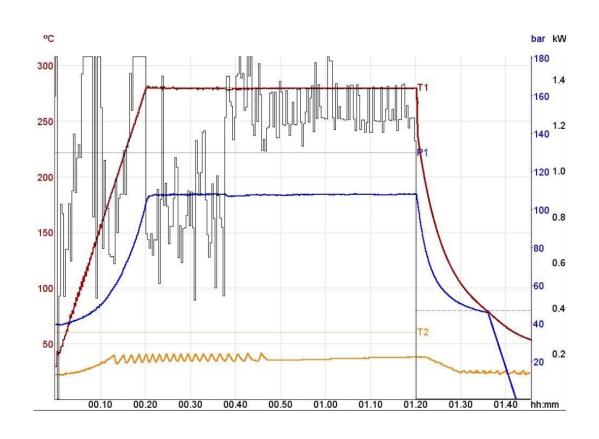


### **ULTRAWAVE 3 CONSTRUCTION**

- High-pressure lines made of:
  - Corrosion-resistant steel (Hastelloy)
- Separated high-pressure lines:
  - Inlet for gas pre-pressurization
  - Outlet for venting at the end of the run
    - No risk of sample contamination
    - Lower blanks
    - Longer lifetime of the pressure lines



### ULTRAWAVE 3 COOLING AND EFFICIENCY

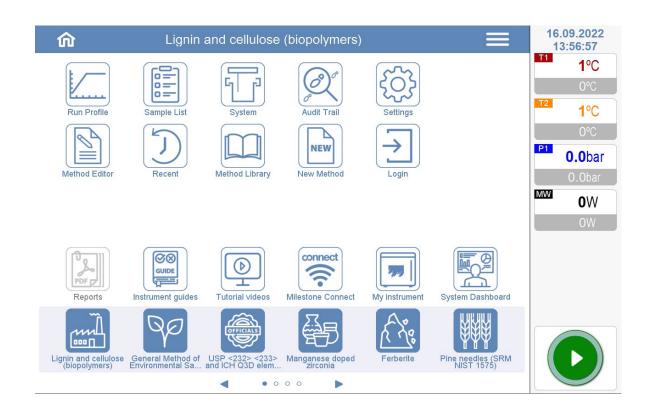


- Liquid-cooled reactor and magnetron
  - Delivers higher power for a longer period of time
  - Ensures longer lifetime of the high voltage components
  - Prevents diffusion of corrosive gasses to stainless steel reactor
  - Allows for back-to-back high-temperature runs
  - Silent operation (32 dB) allows for better working conditions within the lab
    - Water vs air-cooling
  - Allows for faster turnaround



# EASYCONTROL 3.0

- Intuitive, Fully icon-driven software
- Customizable home page
- Shortcuts to any page
- Sidebar with run info
- Quick start of a digestion
  - Recent methods always listed in the bottom





### ALL INFO WITHIN OPERATOR REACH

### Milestone Connect:

- Instrument guides
  - User manual, tips and techniques, etc.
- Video tutorials built right into the system
- Instrument info
  - QC reports, SN, etc.
- Spare parts list
- Direct connection to the Milestone Connect website – <u>www.milestoneconnect.com/NA</u>





# MILESTONE EXPERIENCE WITH PGE'S

#### The procedure used is reported here below:

Number of positions	Sample name	Sample Amount	Reagents
5	Rh, Ru, IR sponges	Up to 100 mg	10 mL HCl, 37%

#### MIcrowave program:

Step	Time	T1	Power
1	00:25:00	280 °C	1500 W
2	01:00:00	280 °C	1500 W

#### PROCEDURE FOR PURE RHODIUM POWDER

For this test, 40 mL quartz vials were used. The procedure used is reported below:

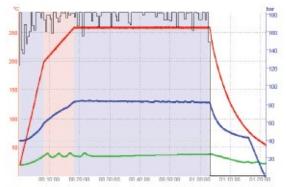
Number of positions	Sample name	Sample Amount	Reagents
5	Rhodium powder	Up to 70 mg	10 mL HCl, 37%, 150 $\mu$ L of Br <sub>2</sub>

#### Microwave program:

Step	Time	T1	Power
1	00:08:00	200 °C	1500 W
2	00:10:00	260 °C	1500 W
3	00:45:00	260 °C	1500 W

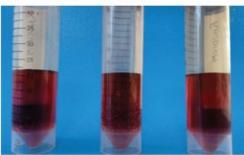
#### RESULTS FOR Rh, Ru, Ir SPONGES AND RHODIUM POWDER

Samples were completely dissolved without any residue, thus assuring full recovery of the elements of interest.









Pure Rhodium Powder



# PARTNERSHIPS WITH AURIS NOBLE AND SABIN METAL

- Auris Noble uniquely difficult sample matrices
  - Interest in use of ultraWAVE for alleviating bottlenecks in their lab
  - Samples for proof of concept and method development, work in progress
  - Auris Noble partnering with our application team on digesting difficult PGE matrices
- Connected to Sabin through Auris Noble
  - Provided samples for digestion
  - Results to be presented at IPMI





### PGE DIGESTIONS

- Pure Pt and Pd chunks
- 0.2 g sample + 9 mL HCl + 3 mL HNO $_3$
- Digested using 40-mL TFM vials
- Microwave program:
  - 20 minutes to 260 °C
  - 30-minute hold at 260 °C
- Result: Complete digestion





# PGE DIGESTION RESULTS — PT AND PD VIA ICP-0ES

	Palladium		Platinum	
	Sabin	Milestone	Sabin	Milestone
Ag	10	4	9	8
Al	3	3	1	2
Au	6	9	8	11
Bi	7	8	73	75
Ca	6	66	11	60
Cd	61	65	26	28
Co	9	9	9	6
Cr	5	8	4	5
Cu	10	8	10	9
Fe	18	25	15	11
lr	10	10	11	11
Mg	nd	3	nd	4
Mn	7	8	10	11
Мо	nd	nd	7	6
Na	nd	nd	nd	nd
Ni	9	9	9	8
Pb	8	8	9	8
Pd	-	-	10	11
Pt	12	10	-	-
Rh	9	11	8	8
Ru	8	4	12	11
S	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sb	18	15	nd	nd
Si	43	27	25	123
Sn	6	9	15	nd
Те	10	13	13	6
Ti	13	14	18	18
V	2	3	4	4
W	nd	nd	6	6
Zn	8	6	10	9
Zr	Nd	nd	5	4
Purity	99.970	99.964	99.966	99.953

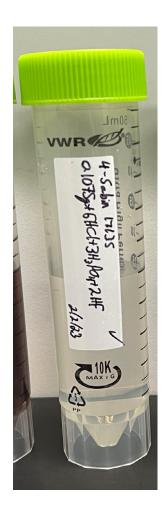




### PGE DIGESTIONS - 17135

- Light grey powder, spent Pt catalyst on SiO<sub>2</sub> / Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> substrate
- Sample composition:
  - 63% SiO<sub>2</sub>, 15% Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, 12% K<sub>2</sub>O, 1% Pt
- 0.1 g sample + 6 mL HCl + 3 mL  $H_3PO_4$  + 2 mL HF
- Digested using 40-mL TFM vials
- Microwave program:
  - 30 minutes to 280 °C
  - 60-minute hold at 280 °C

Result: Complete digestion

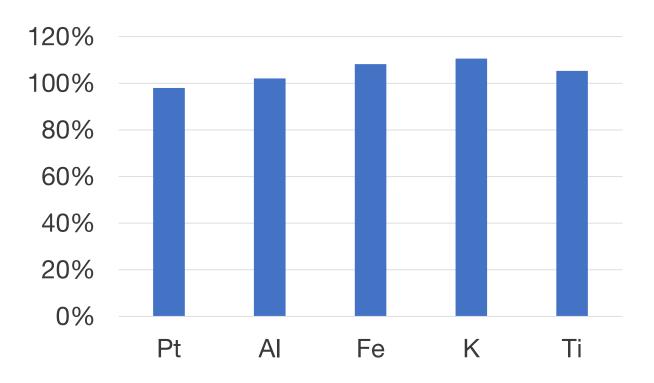




# PGE DIGESTION RESULTS FOR 17135 VIA ICP-OES

Percent recoveries as compared to results typically obtained by Sabin

- Pt ICP-0ES
- Al, Fe, K, Ti ED-XRF



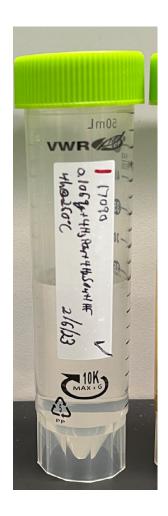




### PGE DIGESTIONS - 17090

- Light grey powder, spent Pt / Re catalyst on Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> substrate
- Sample composition:
  - 93% Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, 5% SiO<sub>2</sub>, 0.2% Pt, 0.2% Re
- 0.1 g sample + 4 mL  $H_3PO_4$  + 4 mL  $H_2SO_4$  + 1 mL HF
- Digested using 40-mL TFM vials
- Microwave program:
  - 20 minutes to 260 °C
  - 4-hour hold at 260 °C

Result: Complete digestion

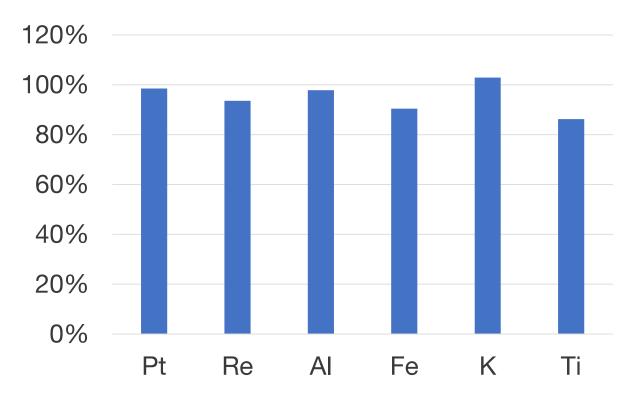


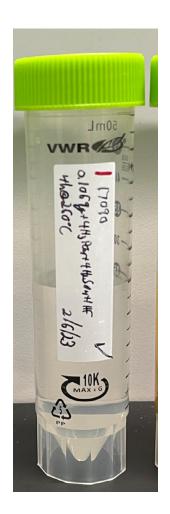


## PGE DIGESTION RESULTS FOR 17090 VIA ICP-0ES

Percent recoveries as compared to results typically obtained by Sabin

- Pt, Re ICP-0ES
- AI, Fe, K, Ti ED-XRF







### PGE DIGESTIONS - 16012

- Dark grey powder, metal flake
- Sample composition:
  - 37% Ru, 20% Pt, 17% Co, 4% Mo, 4% Nb, 4% Fe, 2% Cr
- 0.1 g sample + 9 mL HCl + 1 mL HNO<sub>3</sub> + 2 mL H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> + 1 mL HF
- Digested using 40-mL TFM vials
- Microwave program:
  - 20 minutes to 260 °C
  - 4-hour hold at 260 °C
- Result: Black precipitate, possibly RuOx

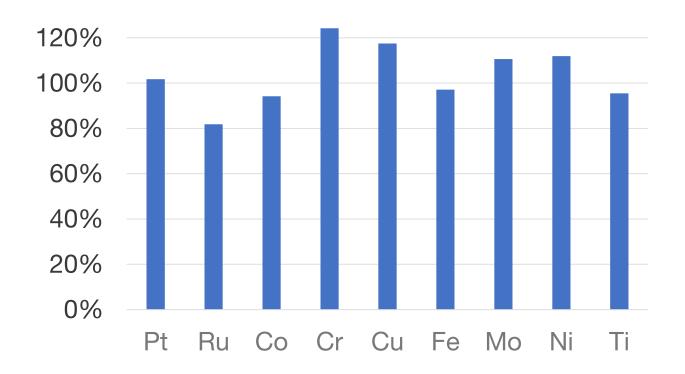




## PGE DIGESTION RESULTS FOR 16012 VIA ICP-0ES

Percent recoveries as compared to results typically obtained by Sabin

- Pt, Ru − ICP-0ES
- Co, Cr, Cu, Fe, Mo, Ni, Ti ED-XRF







### PGE DIGESTIONS - 15696

- Dark grey powder, metal flakes
- Sample composition:
  - 50% Pt, 23% Co, 14% Al, 4% Ru, 4% Si, 4% Cr
- 0.1 g sample + 9 mL HCl + 1 mL HNO $_3$  + 2 mL H $_2$ O $_2$  + 1 mL HF
- Digested using 40-mL TFM vials
- Microwave program:
  - 20 minutes to 260 °C
  - 4-hour hold at 260 °C

Result: Black precipitate, possibly RuOx

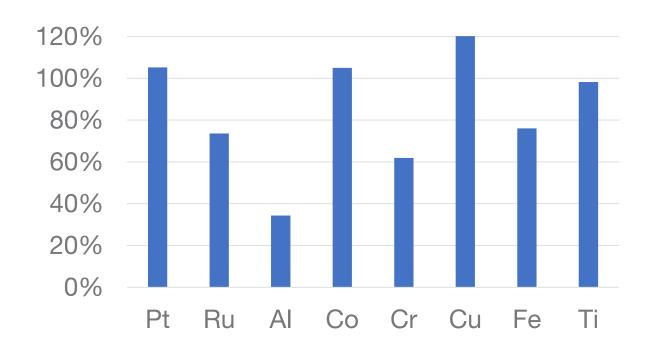




## PGE DIGESTION RESULTS FOR 15696 VIA ICP-OES

Percent recoveries as compared to results typically obtained by Sabin

- Pt, Ru ICP-0ES
- Al, Co, Cr, Cu, Fe, Ti ED-XRF

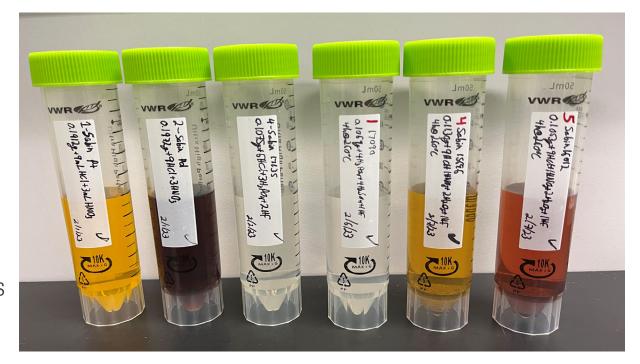






### OVERALL RESULTS

- Able to fully digest 4 of 8 samples
  - Some species highly-resistant to acid digestion, e.g, RuOx
  - Strong correlation between data from digested samples on ultraWAVE and previous analyses by Sabin for most elements
  - Exploring additional method development to further optimize
- Method optimization possible though UW3's simplified method development capabilities
  - e.g, higher sample mass, lower acid volumes, shorter digestion times
- ultraWAVE 3's construction and components allow for high temps to be reached, and extended time at temperature, as needed
  - Water-cooled magnetrons
  - Powerful 1000 W external chiller
  - Quartz bottom prevents diffusion of reaction gases to SRC





# WHY ULTRAWAVE 3 IS DIFFERENT?

### Performance

- Highest temperature and pressure capabilities of a microwave digestion system
- Enhanced Corrosion Resistance allows for use of any acid type using vials with loose-fitting caps
- Water-cooled magnetrons and quartz bottom allow for ultraWAVE 3's superior performance
  - High temperatures, extended time at temperature
- Better digestion control through easyTEMP
- Lower analytical blanks

### Productivity

- Higher number of positions than ultraWAVE 2
- Fast / efficient cooling with powerful external chiller

### Usability

- Vials with loose-fitting caps less handling / operator labor
- No vessel assembly / disassembly
- Silent operation

### Reliability

- Acid-resistant, high-pressure lines
- Long lifetime of hardware components
- Low cost of ownership / operation

